# Academic Course Description

BHARATH UNIVERSITY Faculty of Engineering and Technology Department of Civil Engineering

# **BCE093 Remote Sensing and GIS** Seventh Semester, 2017-18 (Odd Semester)

# Course (catalog) description

The purpose of this course is to introduce the students the basic concepts and principles of various components of remote sensing and also provide an exposure to GIS and its practical applications in civil engineering.

Compulsory/Elective course	: Compulsory for Civil students
Credit / Contact hours	: 3 credits / 45 hours
Course Coordinator	: Dr.A.Mani, Professor
Instructors	:

Name of the instructor	Class handling	Office location	Office phone	Email (domain:@ bharathuniv.ac.in	Consultation
Ms.A.Ambica	Third year Civil	Civil Block		ambicacivil@bharathuniv.ac.in	9.00 - 9.50 AM

# **Relationship to other courses:**

	-requisites	1	Engineering Physics – II
Assumed knowledge : Basic knowledge in Maths and Physics	umed knowledge		Basic knowledge in Maths and Physics
Following courses : Hydrology, Ground water Engineering, Coastal Engin	owing courses	:	Hydrology, Ground water Engineering, Coastal Engineering

# Syllabus Contents

## UNIT I REMOTE SENSING

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Definition -Historical Components of Remote Sensing Principles & methods of remote sensing - Active and Passive remote sensing - Remote Sensing platforms -Electromagnetic radiation- Spectrum- Block body radiation – planks law – Stefan – Boltzmann law – satellites classification – based on orbit- sun synchronous and Geosynchronous based on purpose Earth Resources satellites, communication satellite Weather satellites Spy satellites Sensors Description of sensor in landscape, spot, IRS series and current satellites- Radar SLAR-and SAR.

#### UNIT II EMR INTERACTIONS

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Interaction with atmosphere Scattering of EMR Raleigh, Mie, Non Selective and Raman Scattering Bach scattering Speckle EMR Interaction with water and Ozone Atmospheric windows and its significance EMR interaction with the earth surface materials Radiance, irradiance, Absorbed and Transmitting energy – reflectance- Specular- and diffuse surface- Spectral signature – and curves EMR interaction with soil Resolution Spectral, Spatial, Radiometric, and Temporal.

# UNIT III RESOURCES ENGINEERING

# Characteristics of Digital satellite image enhancement Filtering Applications of Aerial photographs and satellite imageries – merits – Limitations – Water resources – watershed management – Urban Studies – Flood Management- Fishing Forestry etc.,

#### UNIT IV GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

GIS – Components of GIS – Hardware, Software and Organisational Context – Data – Spatial and NonSpatial – Maps – Types of Maps – Projection – Types of Projection - Data Input – Digitizer, Scanner – Editing – Raster and Vector data structures – Comparison of Raster and Vector data structure – Analysis using Raster and Vector data – Retrieval, Reclassification, Overlaying, Buffering – Data Output – Printers and Plotters.

#### UNIT V MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS

Visual Interpretation of Satellite Images – Elements of Interpretation - Interpretation Keys Characteristics of Digital Satellite Image – Image enhancement – Filtering – Classification - Integration of GIS and Remote Sensing – Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – Urban Applications- Integration of GIS and Remote Sensing – Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – Water resources – Urban Analysis – Watershed Management – Resources Information Systems

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Anji Reddy, "Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems", BS Publications 2001

## **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Anand P.H,"Principles of remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems", Sri Venkateswara Publishers, 2003.
- 2. Lillesand T.M and Kiefer R.W. Remote sensing and Image, Interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, INC, New York, 1987.
- **3.** Burrough P A,"Principle of GIS for land resource assessment", Oxford University, 1990

**Computer usage:** Image Analysis using GIS software

#### Professional component

General	-	0%
Basic Sciences	-	0%
Engineering sciences & Technical arts	-	0%
Professional subject	-	100%

Broad area: Environmental Applications

# **Test Schedule**

S. No.	Test	Tentative Date	Portions	Duration
1	Cycle Test-1	August 1 <sup>st</sup> week	Session 1 to 14	2 Periods
2	Cycle Test-2	September 2 <sup>nd</sup> week	Session 15 to 28	2 Periods
3	Model Test	October 2 <sup>nd</sup> week	Session 1 to 45	3 Hrs
4	University	ТВА	All sessions / Units	3 Hrs.
	Examination			

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# Mapping of Instructional Objectives with Program Outcome

To introduce the students to the basic concepts and principles of various components of remote		Correla	tes to
sensing. To provide an exposure to GIS and its practical applications in civil engineering		program	n
		outcom	ne
	н	М	L
<ol> <li>Apply the concepts of Electro Magnetic energy, spectrum and spectral signature curves in the practical problems.</li> </ol>	d,e,i		
<ol> <li>Apply the concepts of satellite and sensor parameters and characteristics of different platforms.</li> </ol>	d,e,i		
3. Apply the concepts of DBMS in GIS.	d,e,i		
4. Analyze raster and vector data and modeling in GIS.	d,e,i		
5. Apply GIS in land use, disaster management, ITS and resource information system.	d,e,i		<u> </u>

H: high correlation, M: medium correlation, L: low correlation

# Draft Lecture Schedule

Session	Topics	Problem solving (Yes/No)	Text / Chapter
UNITII	REMOTE SENSING		
1.	Definition Historical Components of Remote Sensing	No	
2.	Principles & methods of remote sensing - Active and Passive	No	-
3.	remote sensing Remote Sensing platforms	No	_
3.		NO	
4.	Electromagnetic radiation- Spectrum- Block body radiation – planks law – Stefan – Boltzmann law	No	[T1, R1&R2]
5.	Satellites classification – based on orbit- sun synchronous and Geosynchronous.	No	
6.	Based on purpose Earth Resources satellites, communication satellite Weather satellites Spy satellites	No	
7.	Sensors -Description of sensor in landscape, spot.	No	-
8.	IRS series and current satellites	No	-
9.	Radar SLAR-and SAR	No	
<b>UNIT II</b>	EMR INTERACTIONS		
10.	Interaction with atmosphere	No	
11.	Scattering of EMR Raleigh, Mie, Non Selective and Raman	No	
	Scattering Back scattering Speckle		
12.	EMR Interaction with water	No	[T1, R1&R2]
13.	EMR Interaction with Ozone	No	
14.	Atmospheric windows and its significance	No	-
15.	EMR interaction with the earth surface materials Radiance, irradiance, Absorbed and Transmitting energy	No	
16.	Reflectance- Specular- and diffuse surface	No	
17.	Spectral signature – and curves EMR interaction with soil	No	
18.	Resolution -Spectral, Spatial, Radiometric, and Temporal.	No	
UNIT III	RESOURCES ENGINEERING		
19.	Characteristics of Digital satellite	No	
20.	Image enhancement	No	
21.	Filtering Applications of Aerial photographs	No	
22.	Filtering Applications of satellite imageries	No	]
23.	Merits & Limitations satellite imageries	No	
24.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – water resources & watershed management	No	-[T1, R2& R3]
25.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS -Urban Studies Page <b>4</b> of <b>8</b>	No	1

26.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS Flood Management	No	
27.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS Fishing Forestry etc.,	No	
UNIT IV	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM		
28.	GIS – Components of GIS – Hardware, Software and	No	
	Organisational Context		
29.	Data – Spatial and NonSpatial	No	
30.	Maps – Types of Maps	No	[T1, R2&R3]
31.	Projection – Types of Projection	No	
32.	Data Input – Digitizer, Scanner – Editing	No	
33.	Raster and Vector data structures – Comparison of Raster and Vector data structure	No	
34.	Analysis using Raster and Vector data	No	
35.	Retrieval, Reclassification, Overlaying, Buffering	Yes	
36.	Data Output – Printers and Plotters	No	
UNIT V	MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS		
37.	Visual Interpretation of Satellite Images	No	
38.	Elements of Interpretation - Interpretation Keys	No	
39.	Characteristics of Digital Satellite Image-Image enhancement	Yes	
40.	Characteristics of Digital Satellite Image – Filtering – Classification	Yes	[T1, R1 & R2]
41.	Integration of GIS and Remote Sensing	No	
42.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – Urban Applications	No	
43.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – Water resources	No	
44.	Application of Remote Sensing and GIS – Urban Analysis	No	
45.	Watershed Management – Resources Information Systems	No	

# **Teaching Strategies**

The teaching in this course aims at establishing a good fundamental understanding of the areas covered using:

- Formal face-to-face lectures
- Tutorials, which allow for exercises in problem solving and allow time for students to resolve problems in understanding of lecture material.
- Laboratory sessions, which support the formal lecture material and also provide the student with practical construction, measurement and debugging skills.
- Small periodic quizzes, to enable you to assess your understanding of the concepts.

## **Evaluation Strategies**

Cycle Test – I	-	5%
Cycle Test – II	-	5%
Model Test	-	5%
Assignment	-	5%
Attendance	-	10%
Final exam	-	70%

Prepared by: Dr.A.Mani, Professor, Department of Civil

Dated :

## Addendum

# ABET Outcomes expected of graduates of B.Tech / Civil / program by the time that they graduate:

- a. An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- b. An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- c. An ability to design a hardware and software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- d. An ability to function on multidisciplinary teams
- e. An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- f. An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- g. An ability to communicate effectively
- h. The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- i. A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- j. A knowledge of contemporary issues
- k. An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

# **Program Educational Objectives**

# **PEO1: PREPARATION**

Civil Engineering graduates will have knowledge to apply the fundamental principles for a successful profession and/or for higher education in Civil Engineering based on mathematical, scientific and engineering principles, to solve realistic and field problems that arise in engineering and non engineering sectors

## PEO2: CORE COMPETENCE

Civil Engineering graduates will adapt to the modern engineering tools and construction methods for planning, design, execution and maintenance of works with sustainable development in their profession.

## PEO3: PROFESSIONALISM

Civil Engineering Graduates will exhibit professionalism, ethical attitude, communication and managerial skills, successful team work in various private and government organizations both at the national and international level in their profession and adapt to current trends with lifelong learning.

## PEO4: SKILL

Civil Engineering graduates will be trained for developing soft skills such as proficiency in many languages, technical communication, verbal, logical, analytical, comprehension, team building, inter personal relationship, group discussion and leadership skill to become a better professional.

## PEO5: ETHICS

Civil Engineering graduates will be installed with ethical feeling, encouraged to make decisions that are safe and environmentally-responsible and also innovative for societal improvement.

Course Teacher	Signature
Ms.A.Ambica	

**Course Coordinator** 

HOD/CIVIL