



List of Topics Covered	
<b>UNIT I      CRYSTAL PHYSICS</b>	<b>9</b>
<p>Lattice – Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Lattice planes – Miller indices – d spacing in cubic lattice – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell – Atomic radius – Coordination number – Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures – Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment)- Crystal growth techniques –solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)</p>	
<b>UNIT II      PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS</b>	<b>9</b>
<p>Elasticity-Hooke’s law - Relationship between three moduli of elasticity (qualitative) – stress –strain diagram – Poisson’s ratio –Factors affecting elasticity –Bending moment – Depression of a cantilever – Young’s modulus by uniform bending- I-shaped girders Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton’s law of cooling - Linear heat flow – Lee’s disc method – Radial heat flow – Rubber tube method – conduction through compound media (series and parallel).</p>	
<b>UNIT III      QUANTUM PHYSICS</b>	<b>9</b>
<p>Black body radiation – Planck’s theory (derivation) – Deduction of Wien’s displacement law and Rayleigh – Jeans’ Law from Planck’s theory – Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification – Properties of Matter waves – G.P Thomson experiment-Schrödinger’s wave equation – Time independent and time dependent equations – Physical significance of wave function – Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope – Transmission electron microscope.</p>	
<b>UNIT IV      ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS</b>	<b>9</b>
<p>Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber–Fechner law – Sabine’s formula- derivation using growth and decay method – Absorption Coefficient and its determination –factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies. Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods –acoustic grating- Non Destructive Testing – pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C – scan displays, Medical applications – Sonogram.</p>	
<b>UNIT V      PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS</b>	<b>9</b>
<p>Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion –Einstein’s A and B coefficients – derivation. Types of lasers – Nd:YAG, CO<sub>2</sub>, Semiconductor lasers (homo junction &amp; hetero junction)- Industrial and Medical Applications. Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres – Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – attenuation, dispersion, bending – Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.</p>	